WASHINGTO	EXCHANGE COMMISSION N, D.C. 20549 RM 10-K
	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE HANGE ACT OF 1934
For the Fiscal Year Ended	December 31, 1999
	OR
	NT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE CHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition perio	d from N/A to N/A
Commission File N	Tumber 0-8707
NATURE'S SUNSE	INE PRODUCTS, INC.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT	AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)
UTAH	87-0327982
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION OR ORGANIZATION)	(I.R.S. EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO.)
75 EAST 1700 SOUTH, PROVO, UT	
(Address of principal executive off	ices) (Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, includi	ng area code: (801) 342-4370
Securities registered pursuant to Sect	
<table> <caption></caption></table>	
TITLE OF EACH CLASS	NAME OF EACH EXCHANGE ON WHICH REGISTERED
<s> NONE </s>	

 NONE || COMMON STOCK, | ant to Section 12(g) of the Act: WITHOUT PAR VALUE OF CLASS) |
Indicate by check mark whether the required to be filed by Section 13 or 1934 during the preceding 12 months (continuous continuous	e registrant (1) has filed all reports 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of r for such shorter period that the eports), and (2) has been subject to such
405 of Regulation S-K is not contained best of registrant's knowledge, in def	ure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item herein, and will not be contained, to the initive proxy or information statements of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this
The aggregate market value of the the registrant on March 20, 2000 was a	voting stock held by non-affiliates of pproximately \$114,534,860.
The number of shares of Common St March 20, 2000 was 17,111,304 shares.	ock, without par value, outstanding on
Documents Incorporated by Reference:	
Proxy Statement for May 26, 2000	Annual Meeting of Shareholders (Part III

GENERAL DEVELOPMENT OF BUSINESS

Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc., incorporated in Utah in 1976, and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Company") are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and marketing of nutritional and personal care products. The Company, founded in 1972, sells its products worldwide to a sales force of independent Distributors who use the products themselves or resell them to other Distributors or consumers. Additional information with respect to the Company's business is set forth below.

The Company's operations are conducted in the United States as well as in certain geographical areas outside the United States. The Company's subsidiaries are located in Brazil, Japan, Mexico, South Korea, Venezuela, Canada, Colombia, Russia and the former Soviet Republics, the United Kingdom, Argentina, Peru, El Salvador, Ecuador, Honduras, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Panama, Chile and Nicaragua. The Company also exports its products to several other countries, including Australia, Malaysia, New Zealand and Norway.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

The Company is principally engaged in one line of business, namely, the manufacturing and marketing of nutritional and personal care products. Information for each of the Company's last three fiscal years, with respect to the amounts of sales revenue, operating income and the last two years for identifiable assets by geographical business segment, is set forth under Item 8 of this Report.

PRODUCTS AND MANUFACTURING

The Company's line of over 500 products includes herbal products, vitamins, mineral supplements and homeopathic products. The Company purchases herbs and other raw materials in bulk and, after quality control testing, formulates, encapsulates, tablets or concentrates and packages them for shipment. Most of the Company's products are manufactured at its facility in Spanish Fork, Utah. Certain of the Company's personal care and homeopathic products are manufactured for the Company by contract manufacturers in accordance with the Company's specifications and standards. The Company has implemented stringent quality control procedures to verify that the contract manufacturers have complied with its specifications and standards.

The Company's product lines are described below.

HERBAL PRODUCTS

The Company manufactures a wide selection of herbal products, which are sold in the form of capsules or tablets. These capsules or tablets contain herb powder or a combination of two or more herb powders. The Company also produces both single herbs and herb combinations in the form of liquid herbs and extracts. Liquid herbs are manufactured by concentrating herb constituents in a vegetable glycerin base. Extracts are created by dissolving powdered herbs in liquid solvents that

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separate the key elements of the herbs from the fibrous plant material. Sales of herbal products accounted for approximately 65 percent of the Company's total sales revenue in 1999, and 67 percent in both 1998 and 1997.

VITAMINS AND MINERAL SUPPLEMENTS

The Company manufactures a wide variety of single vitamins, which are sold in the form of chewable or non-chewable tablets. The Company also manufactures several multiple vitamins and mineral supplements, including a line containing natural antioxidants. Generally, mineral supplements are sold in the form of tablets; however, certain minerals are offered only in liquid form. Combined sales of vitamins and mineral supplements were approximately 26 percent of the Company's total sales revenue in 1999, and 23 percent in both 1998 and 1997.

PERSONAL CARE PRODUCTS

The Company manufactures or contracts with independent manufacturers to supply a variety of personal care products for external use, including oils and lotions, aloe vera gel, herbal shampoo, herbal skin treatment, toothpaste and skin cleanser. Sales of personal care products accounted for approximately 3 percent of the Company's total sales revenue in 1999, 1998 and 1997.

HOMEOPATHIC PRODUCTS

The Company markets a line of more than 50 distinctive homeopathic products designed for the treatment of certain common ailments, including several items designed especially for various allergies and common childhood maladies. Sales of homeopathic products accounted for approximately 1 percent of the Company's

total sales revenue in 1999, 1998 and 1997.

DISTRIBUTION AND MARKETING

The Company's independent Distributors market the Company's products to consumers through direct-selling techniques as well as sponsor other Distributors. The Company motivates and provides incentives to its independent Distributors through a combination of high quality products, product support, financial benefits, sales conventions, travel programs and a variety of training seminars.

The Company's products sold domestically are shipped directly from its manufacturing and warehouse facilities located in Spanish Fork, Utah, as well as from its regional warehouses located in Columbus, Ohio; Dallas, Texas; and Atlanta, Georgia. Each international operation maintains warehouse facilities with inventory to supply its customers.

Demand for the Company's products is created by approximately 530,000 active Distributors at December 31, 1999, which includes approximately 193,000 in the United States. A person who wishes to join the Company's independent sales force begins as a "Distributor". An individual can become a Distributor by applying to the Company under the sponsorship of someone who is already a Distributor. Each Distributor is required to renew his/her distributorship on a yearly basis; approximately 30 percent renew annually. Many Distributors sell the Company's products on a part-time basis to friends or associates or consume the products themselves. A Distributor interested in earning additional income by committing more time and effort to selling the Company's products may be appointed to "Manager" status. Appointment as a Manager is dependent upon attaining certain purchase volume levels, recruiting additional Distributors and demonstrating leadership abilities. Managers numbered approximately 14,500 at December 31, 1999, including approximately 6,600

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Managers in the United States. Managers resell the products they purchase from the Company to Distributors within their sales group, to consumers or use the products themselves. Once a Distributor is appointed to the status of Manager, approximately 70 percent continue to maintain that status.

Domestically, the Company generally sells its products on a cash or credit card basis. From time to time, the Company's domestic operation extends short-term credit associated with product promotions. For certain of the Company's international operations, the Company uses independent distribution centers and offers credit terms consistent with industry standards, within each respective country.

The Company pays sales commissions and volume discounts (Volume Incentives) to its Managers based upon the amount of personal and sales group product purchases. Reference is made to Item 8 contained herein for Volume Incentives paid by the Company for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997. In addition, Managers who qualify by attaining certain levels of monthly product purchases are eligible for additional incentive programs including automobile allowances, medical and dental insurance and travel.

SOURCE AND AVAILABILITY OF RAW MATERIALS

Raw materials used in the manufacture of the Company's products are available from a number of suppliers. To date, the Company has not experienced any major difficulty in obtaining adequate sources of supply. The Company attempts to assure the availability of many of its raw materials by contracting, in advance, for its annual requirements. In the past, the Company has found alternative sources of raw materials when needed. Although there can be no assurance the Company will be successful in locating such sources in the future, the Company believes it will be able to do so.

TRADEMARKS AND TRADE NAMES

The Company has obtained trademark registrations of its basic trademarks, "Nature's Sunshine", and the landscape logo for all of its product lines. The Company also owns numerous trademark registrations in the United States and in many foreign countries.

SEASONALITY

The business of the Company does not reflect significant seasonality.

WORKING CAPITAL ITEMS

The Company maintains a substantial inventory of raw materials and finished goods in order to provide a high level of product availability to its independent Distributors.

DEPENDENCE UPON CUSTOMERS

The Company is not dependent upon a single customer or a few customers, the loss of which would have a material adverse effect on its business.

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BACKLOG

Orders for the Company's products are typically shipped within 24 hours after receipt. As a result, there is no significant backlog at any time.

COMPETITION

The Company's products are sold in domestic and foreign markets in competition with other companies, some of which have greater sales volumes and financial resources than the Company, and which sell brands that are, through advertising and promotions, better known to consumers. The Company competes in the nutritional and personal care industry against companies which sell through retail stores as well as against other direct selling companies. For example, the Company competes against manufacturers and retailers of nutritional and personal care products, which are distributed through supermarkets, drug stores, health food stores, discount stores, beauty salons, etc. In addition to its competition with these manufacturers and retailers, the Company competes for product sales and independent Distributors with many other direct sales companies, including Shaklee, NuSkin and Amway. The principal competitors in the encapsulated and tableted herbal products market include TwinLab, Rexall Sundown, Nature's Way, USANA, Nutraceuticals and NBTY. The Company believes that the principal components of competition in the direct sales marketing of nutritional and personal care products are quality, price and brand name. In addition, the recruitment, training, travel and financial incentives for the independent sales force are important factors.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The Company conducts its research and development activities at its manufacturing facility located in Spanish Fork, Utah. The principal emphasis of the Company's research and development activities is the development of new products and enhancement of existing products. The amount, excluding capital expenditures, spent on research and development activities was approximately \$1.7 million in 1999, and \$1.5 million in both 1998 and 1997. The Company has no third-party-sponsored research.

COMPLIANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The nature of the Company's business has not required any material capital expenditures to comply with Federal, State or local provisions enacted or adopted regulating the discharge of materials into the environment. No material expenditures to meet such provisions are anticipated. Such regulatory provisions have not had any material effect upon the Company's earnings or competitive position.

REGULATION

The formulation, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, advertising, distribution and sale of each of the Company's major product groups are subject to regulation by one or more governmental agencies, the most active of which is the Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), which regulates the Company's products under the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA") and regulations promulgated thereunder. The FDCA defines the terms "food" and "dietary supplement" and sets forth various conditions that unless complied with may constitute adulteration or misbranding of such products. The FDCA has been amended several times with respect to dietary supplements, most

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recently by the Nutrition Labeling and Education Act of 1990 (the "NLEA") and the Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 (the "DSHEA").

FDA regulations relating specifically to foods for human use are set forth in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations. These regulations include basic food labeling requirements and Good Manufacturing Practices ("GMPs") for foods. Detailed dietary supplement GMPs have been proposed; however, no regulations establishing such GMPs have been adopted. Additional regulations to implement the specific DSHEA requirements for dietary supplement labeling have also been proposed and final regulations are expected to be implemented over a period of time following final publication.

The Company's products are also regulated by the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), the Consumer Product Safety Commission ("CPSC"), the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") and the Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). The Company's activities, including its multi-level distribution activities, are also regulated by various agencies of the states, localities and

foreign countries in which the Company's products are sold.

The Company may be subject to additional laws or regulations administered by the FDA or other Federal, State or foreign regulatory authorities, the repeal or amendment of laws or regulations which the Company considers favorable, or more stringent interpretations of current laws or regulations, from time to time in the future. The Company is unable to predict the nature of such future laws, regulations, interpretations or applications, nor can it predict what effect additional governmental regulations or administrative orders, when and if promulgated, would have on its business in the future. They could, however, require reformulation of certain products to meet new standards, recall or discontinuance of certain products not able to be reformulated, imposition of additional record-keeping requirements, expanded documentation of the properties of certain products, expanded or altered labeling and scientific substantiation. Any or all such requirements could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations and financial position.

EMPLOYEES

The number of people employed by the Company as of December 31, 1999, was 1,013. The Company believes that its relations with its employees are satisfactory.

INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

The Company's direct sales of nutritional and personal care products are established internationally in Brazil, Japan, Mexico, South Korea, Venezuela, Canada, Colombia, Russia and the former Soviet Republics, the United Kingdom, Argentina, Peru, El Salvador, Ecuador, Honduras, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Panama, Chile and Nicaragua. The Company also exports its products to numerous other countries, including Australia, Malaysia, New Zealand and Norway. Information for each of the last three years with respect to the amounts of sales revenue and operating income and the last two years of identifiable assets attributable to domestic and international segments, is set forth in Note 12 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Item 8 of this Report.

The Company's international operations are conducted in a manner substantially the same as those conducted domestically; however, in order to conform to local variations, economic realities, market customs, consumer habits and regulatory environments, differences may exist in the products and in the distribution and marketing programs.

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The Company's international operations are subject to many of the same risks faced by the Company's domestic operations. These include competition and the strength of the local economy. In addition, international operations are subject to certain risks inherent in carrying on business abroad, including foreign regulatory restrictions, fluctuations in monetary exchange rates, import-export controls and the economic and political policies of foreign governments. The importance of these risks increases as the Company's international operations grow and expand. Substantially all of the Company's international operations have been affected by foreign currency devaluation, most notably, Brazil, Ecuador, Venezuela and Colombia.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company's corporate offices are located in two adjacent office buildings in Provo, Utah. The facilities consist of approximately 63,000 square feet and are leased from an unaffiliated third party through lease agreements which expire as early as two years but are renewable upon expiration.

The Company's principal warehousing and manufacturing facilities are housed in a building owned by the Company, of approximately 265,000 square feet, located on approximately ten acres in Spanish Fork, Utah. Subsequent to December 31, 1999, the Company announced its intent to complete an expansion of the manufacturing portion of the warehouse and manufacturing facility. Management expects the project will cost approximately \$14 million and will take approximately two years to complete.

The Company owns approximately 60,000 square feet of office and warehouse space in Mexico and approximately 10,800 square feet of office space in Venezuela.

The Company leases properties used primarily as distribution warehouses, which are located in Columbus, Ohio; Dallas, Texas; Atlanta, Georgia; as well as offices and distribution warehouses in Brazil, Japan, South Korea, Venezuela, Canada, Colombia, Russia and the former Soviet Republics, the United Kingdom, Argentina, Peru, El Salvador, Ecuador, Honduras, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Panama, Chile and Nicaragua. Management believes these facilities are suitable for their respective uses and are, in general, adequate for the Company's present needs. During 1999, 1998 and 1997, the Company spent approximately \$3.1 million, \$2.9 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, for all of its leased facilities.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company is a defendant in various lawsuits which are incidental to the Company's business. Management, after consultation with its legal counsel, believes that any liability as a result of these matters will not have a material effect upon the Company's results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The Company's common stock is traded on the NASDAQ National Market System (symbol NATR). The information in the table below reflects the actual high and low sales prices of the Company's stock for 1999 and 1998.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Market Prices

1999 HIGH LOW 1998 _ -----

_ _______

</TABLE>

There were approximately 1,455 shareholders of record as of March 8, 2000. During 1999 and 1998, the Company paid quarterly cash dividends of 3 1/3 cents per common share. On February 10, 2000, the Company declared a cash dividend of 3 1/3 cents per common share to shareholders of record on February 21, 2000. On February 29, 2000, the Company paid approximately \$0.6 million related to this declared dividend. The Company expects to continue to pay equivalent cash dividends in the future.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT FOR PER SHARE INFORMATION

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

INCOME STATEMENT DATA

Selling, General Cost of Volume & Administrative Operating Income Before Goods Sold Incentives Expenses Income Income Taxes Sales Net Revenue \$289,189 <C> <C> <C> <C> <C> <S> \$132,268 \$27,110 \$28**,**991 1999 \$51,138 \$78**,**673 \$17,796 136,490 71,304 296,052 52,191 36,067 38,373 1998 23,278 1997 280,902 51,608 130,709 67,580 31,005 33,203 20,133 1996 249,046 44,886 114,419 63,252 26,489 27,869 16,848 1995 205,566 38,533 94,316 55,221 17,496 20,189

</TABLE>

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

BALANCE SHEET DATA

	Working	Current		Property, Plant &	Total	Long-Term	
Shareholders'	Capital	Ratio	Inventories	Equipment, Net	Assets	Debt	
Equity							
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
1999	\$35,594	2.28:1	\$26,660	\$25 , 193	\$107,435	\$	
\$77 , 537							
1998	35 , 557	2.30:1	22,494	25,896	103,699		
73,967							
1997	38,571	2.40:1	19,555	23,711	95 , 796		
66,857							
1996	39,560	2.44:1	24,459	20,197	91,966		
63,163							
1995	24,433	2.07:1	23,127	13,088	65 , 247		
41,505							

</TABLE>

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<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

COMMON SHARE SUMMARY

	Cash Dividen Per Share		Diluted Net Income Per Share	Book Value Per Share(1)	Basic Weighted Average Share:	Diluted Weighted S Average
Shares						
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
1999	\$0.133	\$1.01	\$1.00	\$4.53	17 , 585	
17,745						
1998	0.133	1.27	1.25	4.10	18,383	
18,639						
1997	0.133	1.08	1.06	3.60	18,653	
19,070						
1996	0.133	0.90	0.86	3.30	18,793	
19,684						
1995	0.133	0.65	0.63	2.25	18,301	
18,888						

</TABLE>

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

OTHER INFORMATION

	Return on			Square Footage	
	Shareholders'	Return on	Number of	of Property	Number of
	Equity(2)	Assets(3)	Managers	In Use	Employees
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
1999	23.5%	16.9%	14,462	621,252	1,013
1998	33.1	23.3	14,006	631,430	971
1997	31.0	21.4	13,776	522,373	994

11,694

11,547

485,772

443,895

862

1995

1996

</TABLE>

21.4

20.2

32.2

31.8

¹ Year end shareholders' equity divided by actual shares outstanding at the end of each year.

² Net income divided by average shareholders' equity.

³ Net income divided by average total assets. The information in the preceding tables has been adjusted, where necessary, to reflect stock dividends and splits.

SALES REVENUE

Consolidated sales revenue for the year ended December 31, 1999, was \$289.2 million compared to \$296.1 million in 1998, a decrease of approximately 2 percent. Sales revenue increased approximately 5 percent in 1998 compared to \$280.9 million in 1997. The change in sales revenue is directly related to the number of independent Distributors, increased competition and foreign currency fluctuations. During 1999 and 1998, the Company's sales revenue was negatively impacted by foreign currency devaluation in the majority of its international markets, most notably Brazil, and increased competition in the Company's domestic market. Eliminating the adverse effect of foreign currency devaluation, sales revenue for the year ended December 31, 1999, would have increased approximately 3 percent.

The Company distributes its products to consumers through an independent sales force comprised of Managers and Distributors. Active Managers totaled approximately 14,500, 14,000 and 13,800 at December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Active Distributors totaled approximately 530,000, 516,000 and 660,000 at December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. At December 31, 1998, the number of active Distributors decreased 22 percent as compared to 1997, as the result of the Company's standardization of the definition of an active Distributor in its international operations. A positive impact in the recruitment of additional Distributors is anticipated due to the introduction of the new SMARTSTART recruiting program in the Company's domestic market during the fourth quarter of

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1999. The Company anticipates the number of active Distributors to increase as the Company expands its existing, international operations, enters new markets and as current Distributors grow their business.

Price increases of approximately 2 percent in the Company's domestic market went into effect in both 1999 and 1998, and resulted in greater sales revenue for these years. A price increase of approximately 2 percent, primarily associated with increased raw material costs, is scheduled to become effective on April 1, 2000. Management believes this price increase in its domestic market will be acceptable to its sales force and will result in increased sales revenue. Domestic sales revenue for 1999 decreased approximately 4 percent compared to 1998, and increased approximately 7 percent for 1998 as compared to 1997.

International sales revenue increased slightly to \$105.8 million in 1999 compared to \$105.7 million in 1998. During 1999, the Company continued to experience foreign currency devaluation in its international operations. Sales revenue in the Company's Latin America segment decreased approximately 14 percent, primarily as the result of foreign currency devaluation. International operations which reported the most significant impact from foreign currency devaluation were Brazil, Ecuador, Venezuela and Colombia. In 1999, the Brazilian real devalued approximately 50 percent. Brazil represented approximately 20, 29 and 25 percent of international sales revenue for 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Price increases are planned in various international markets to adjust for foreign currency devaluation. Management believes the price increases will be acceptable to its sales force and will result in increased sales. During 1999, the Company began implementing programs in Japan, the world's largest direct-selling market, aimed at increasing sales revenue and operating income. Management anticipates the official re-launch to take place during 2000. Further information related to the Company's domestic and international segments is set forth in Note 12 of Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Item 8 of this Report.

COSTS AND EXPENSES

The Company's costs and expenses, which include cost of goods sold, volume incentives, and selling, general and administrative expenses, are identified as a percentage of sales in the table below:

<TABLE>

Year ended December 31	1999	1998	1997	
<pre><s> Cost of goods sold Volume incentives Selling, general and</s></pre>	<c> 17.7% 45.7</c>	<c> 17.6% 46.1</c>	<c> 18.4% 46.5</c>	
administrative expenses	27.2 90.6%	24.1 87.8%	24.1 89.0%	

Cost of goods sold as a percent of sales decreased in 1999 and 1998 as compared to 1997, primarily as a result of efforts made by management to control costs in its international operations and efficiencies gained through the construction of its warehousing and manufacturing facility in 1998.

1 (

Management believes that cost of goods sold as a percent of sales will remain approximately the same during 2000 as compared to 1999. Expansion of the Company's warehouse and manufacturing facility in 1998 did not have a negative impact on cost of goods sold due to the savings associated with the elimination of leased facilities and increased operating efficiencies

VOLUME INCENTIVES

Volume incentives are a significant part of the Company's direct sales marketing program and represent payments made to its independent Distributors. These payments are designed to provide incentives for reaching higher sales levels and for recruiting additional Distributors. Volume incentives as a percent of sales decreased slightly during 1999 as compared to 1998, and decreased slightly for 1998 as compared to 1997, primarily as a result of pricing adjustments in several international operations and the introduction of new products in the Company's domestic market which have a lower volume incentive.

Management expects volume incentives as a percent of sales to decrease slightly during 2000 as compared to 1999.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$7.4 million in 1999 as compared to 1998, primarily as the result of increased expenses associated with the Company's anticipated re-launch of its Japanese operations and the expansion of its operations in South Korea. The Company also experienced increased selling, general and administrative expenses in its domestic operations as a result of expense in test-market advertising and a change in the qualification requirements for its National Conventions. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of sales remained constant in 1998 as compared to 1997. This category includes costs for research and development, distribution as well as incentive programs such as the Company's conventions.

Management believes that selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of sales will decrease slightly during 2000 as compared to 1999.

INTEREST AND OTHER INCOME

Interest and other income is earned principally from investments and excess operating cash balances. Investment income varies depending upon the rate of interest, the investment instruments utilized and the need for cash in the Company's operations. It is management's policy to invest only in high-grade investments.

Interest income increased \$0.5 million during 1999 compared to 1998 as the result of greater cash balances available during the year for investment as well as higher yields obtained in certain of the Company's international operations. Interest income decreased during 1998 compared to 1997 as the result of lower yields earned on short-term investments as well as decreased cash balances as a result of increased capital projects and the Company's stock repurchase program. Management expects interest and other income to decrease during 2000 as cash is utilized for the expansion of the Company's manufacturing facility and continued development of its international markets.

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During 1998, the Company began purchasing investments classified as trading securities. The Company maintains its trading securities portfolio to generate returns that offset changes in certain liabilities related to the Company's deferred compensation arrangements (see Note 9 to Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements appearing in Item 8 of this Report). The trading securities portfolio consists of marketable securities which are recorded at fair value. Both realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in interest and other income. Net gains on the trading securities portfolio were \$179,000 and \$9,000 in 1999 and 1998, respectively.

INCOME TAXES

The Company's effective tax rate was 38.6, 39.3 and 39.4 percent for 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate in 1999 was primarily due to the utilization of net operating losses of a foreign subsidiary, which had not been previously realized.

The Company's principal sources of funds are its available cash and cash equivalents and cash generated from operations. At December 31, 1999, cash and cash equivalents decreased approximately \$3.7 million as compared to December 31, 1998. During 1999, cash and cash equivalents of \$0.7 million were used to purchase investments. These investments were made in accordance with the Company's policy to purchase only high-grade investments. Cash provided by operating activities was approximately \$17.6 million in 1999 compared to approximately \$25.6 million in 1998. The decrease was primarily due to planned increases in inventory of \$4.2 million as part of the anticipated re-launch of the Japanese operations as well as further international development.

During 1999, the Company purchased approximately 897,000 shares of its common stock for \$9.2 million. The Company purchased approximately \$4.5 million of property, plant and equipment and approximately \$2.8 million of other long-term assets. The majority of these purchases were associated with the Company's international expansion. Additionally, the Company paid approximately \$2.3 million in cash dividends during 1999. Management believes the Company's stock is an attractive investment and, pursuant to its previously announced 1,000,000-share buyback program, may utilize some of its available cash to purchase up to the remaining balance of approximately 860,000 shares, as of March 13, 2000, should market conditions warrant.

No options to purchase shares of the Company's common stock were exercised during 1999.

Management believes that working capital requirements can be met through the Company's available cash and cash equivalents and internally-generated funds for the foreseeable future; however, a prolonged economic downturn or a decrease in the demand for the Company's products could adversely affect the long-term liquidity of the Company. In the event of a significant decrease in cash provided by the Company's operations, it may be necessary for the Company to obtain external sources of funding. The Company does not currently maintain a credit facility or any other external sources of long-term funding; however, management believes that such funding could be obtained on competitive terms in the event additional sources of funds become necessary.

On March 2, 2000, the Company announced its plans to complete the manufacturing, research and development and quality assurance areas of its recent expansion. Management expects the project will cost approximately \$14 million and will take approximately two years to complete.

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YEAR 2000

During 1999, the Company's systems that were not Year 2000 ("Y2K") compliant were brought into compliance. The Company estimates it spent approximately \$1.0 million to ensure that all areas of non-compliance were corrected. Most of the systems not compliant had previously been scheduled for replacement as part of the Company's ongoing maintenance and upgrading programs.

As of and subsequent to December 31, 1999, the Company has not experienced any significant Y2K problems.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, there can be no assurance the Company will not experience operational difficulties as a result of ongoing Y2K issues, either arising out of internal operations or caused by third-party service providers, which individually or collectively could have an adverse impact on business operations and require the Company to incur unanticipated expenses to remedy any problems.

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Statements included in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and other items of this Form 10-K may contain forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements may relate but not be limited to projections of revenues, costs and expenses, income or loss, capital expenditures, the expected development schedule of existing real estate projects, plans for growth and future operations, financing needs, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. When used in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations", and elsewhere in this Form 10-K the words "estimates", "expects", "anticipates", "forecasts", "plans", "intends" and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Future events and actual results could differ materially from those set forth in, contemplated by or underlying the forward-looking statements.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

The Company has investments which by nature are subject to market risk. At December 31, 1999, the Company had a total of \$10.1 million, which are held as municipal obligations and carry fixed interest rates. Approximately \$9.3 million mature between one and five years and carry a weighted average interest rate of 5.7 percent. The remaining balance of \$0.8 million matures after five years and carries a weighted average interest rate of 5.3 percent.

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc. (a Utah corporation) and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the related consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 31, 1999 and 1998, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 1999 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Salt Lake City, Utah February 8, 2000

Interest expense

<TABLE>

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NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE INFORMATION

<caption></caption>			
Year Ended December 31		1998	
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Sales Revenue		\$296,052	
Costs and Expenses:			
Cost of goods sold	51,138	52,191	51,608
Volume incentives	132,268	136,490	130,709
Selling, general and administrative expenses	78,673	71,304	67 , 580
	•	259 , 985	·
Operating Income		36,067	
Other Income (Expense):			
Interest and other income	2,585	2,095	2,453

(39)

(48)

(182) Foreign exchange loss	1	565)	(78)	
(565)	('	303)	(78)	
Minority interest			337	 492
	1,8	381 	2 , 306	 2,198
Income Defens Drawigien for Income Mayor	20	991	20 272	22 202
Income Before Provision for Income Taxes Provision for Income Taxes	11,	195	15,095	13,070
Net Income	17,		23,278	 20,133
Other Comprehensive Income (Local) not of tour				
Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), net of tax: Foreign currency translation adjustments	(2.	736)	(1,722)	(1,450)
Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities		109	(14)	416
Reclassification adjustment, net of tax	(.	136)	(38)	
(1,034)	(2,	763)	(1,774)	
Comprehensive Income		033	\$ 21,504	 \$ 19,099
Basic Net Income Per Common Share	\$ 1.0	01 \$	1.27	\$ 1.08
Diluted Net Income Per Common Share		00 \$	1.25	\$ 1.06

 | | | |The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS

Short-term debt

<table></table>		
<caption></caption>		
As of December 31	1999	1998
AS OI DECEMBER 31		
ASSETS		
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,433	\$ 22,099
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for		
doubtful accounts of \$1,291 and \$819, respectively	7,090	9,939
Inventories	26,660	22,494
Deferred income tax assets	2 , 565	2,438
Prepaid expenses and other	8 , 575	6,025
Total current assets	63,323	62 , 995
Property, plant and equipment, net	25 , 193	25 , 896
Long-term investments	12,368	11,675
Intangible and other assets, net	6,551	3,133
	\$107,435	\$103,699
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		

\$ 1,018

\$ 1,728

Accounts payable	5 , 279	4,403
Accrued volume incentives	10,685	9,638
Accrued liabilities	8,479	8,390
Income taxes payable	2 , 268	3 , 279
Total current liabilities	27 , 729	27,438
Long-Term Liabilities:		0.005
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,116	2,035
Deferred compensation	1,053 	259
makal laan kann liabilikia.	2 160	2 204
Total long-term liabilities	2,169 	2,294
Commitments and Contingencies (Note 11)		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Common stock, no par value, 20,000 shares authorized,		
19,446 shares issued	37,659	37,528
Retained earnings	87,463	72,013
Treasury stock, at cost, 2,318 and 1,421 shares, respectively	(38,174)	(28,926)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(9,411)	(6,648)
Total shareholders' equity		73,967
	\$107,435	· · ·

 | | $</ \, {\tt TABLE}>$

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS

< I F	7DTL	
107	רשתו	NT_

r Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
MON STOCK:	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Balance at beginning of year	\$37 , 528	\$37,896	\$39,40
Tax benefit related to exercise of stock options		809	3,240
Issuance of stock options	132		
Issuance of 0, 161 and 886 shares of			
treasury stock, respectively	(1)	(1 , 177)	(4,750
	27 650	27 520	27.004
Balance at end of year	37 , 659	37 , 528	37 , 896
 AINED EARNINGS:			
Balance at beginning of year	72.013	51,190	33,549
Net income	•	23,278	•
Cash dividends	(2,346)	(2,455)	(2,492
Balance at end of year	87,463	72,013	51,190
Barance at end or year	07,403		
 ASURY STOCK:			
Balance at beginning of year	(28,926)	(17,278)	(5,868
Purchase of 897, 721 and 1,413 shares		, , ,	, ,
of common stock, respectively	(9,249)	(14,306)	(26, 128
Issuance of 0, 161 and 886 shares of		0.550	
treasury stock, respectively	1 	2,658 	14,718
 Balance at end of year	(38,174)	(28,926)	(17,278

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES: Balance at beginning of year Reductions		(77) 77	(84) 7
Balance at end of year (77)			
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS: Balance at beginning of year Other comprehensive loss	* • •	(4,874) (1,774)	1 ,
Balance at end of year		(6,648)	
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	· ·	\$73 , 967	•

 | | |The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

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NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS

<TABLE>

<pre><caption> Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents</caption></pre>			
Year Ended December 31		1998	1997
	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	(C)		<0>
Net income	\$17 , 796	\$23,278	
\$20,133 Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Increase in allowance for doubtful accounts	472	229	
Depreciation and amortization 4,292	6,060	4,812	
Loss (Gain) on sale of property and equipment	68	(75)	
Deferred income taxes	(1,046)	321	
(389) Deferred compensation	794	259	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable (834)	2,377	(2,704)	
Inventories 4,904	(4,166)	(2,939)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(3,848)	2,533	
(3,106) Accounts payable	876	(691)	
Accrued volume incentives	1,047	107	
802 Accrued liabilities	89	1,168	
(2,769) Income taxes payable	(1,011)	333	
Cumulative currency translation adjustments (997)	(1,943)	(1,074)	
	17,565		
24,169	•	•	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Capital expenditures	(4,459)	(6,473)	
(7,453) Purchase of investments, net	(720)	(8,260)	
(1,004) Payments received (advances) on long-term receivables	(229)	305	

401			
Purchase of other assets	(2,811)	(861)	
(599) Proceeds from sale of property and equipment	86	153	
25			
Minority interest elimination 383		(337)	
	(0. 122)	(15, 450)	
Net cash used in investing activities (8,247)	(8,133)	(15, 473)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Payments of cash dividends	(2,346)	(2,455)	
(2,492)	(0.240)	(14, 206)	
Purchase of treasury stock (26,128)	(9,249)	(14,306)	
Repayments of short-term debt	(710)	(678)	
(123) Proceeds from exercise of stock options		1,481	
9,925		1,101	
Tax benefit from stock option exercise		809	
3,240 Issuance of treasury stock			
43			
Net cash used in financing activities	(12,305)	(15,149)	
(15,535)			
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (453)	(793)	(649)	
(400)			
NEW DECREACE IN CACH AND CACH EQUIVALENCE	12 6661	(5,714)	
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (66)	(3,666)	(5,714)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	22,099	27,813	
27,879	·	·	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$18,433	\$22,099	
\$27,813 			
			_

 | | |18

NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS

<TABLE>

</TABLE>

<caption></caption>			
Year Ended December 31		1998	1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid for income taxes	\$13,682	\$14,209	
\$11,744 Cash paid for interest	37	48	
182			
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH INVESTING AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Acquisition of minority interest	\$ 1,131	\$	\$
	400		
Issuance of stock options	132		

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT PER SHARE INFORMATION

NOTE 1: OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc., and its subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to collectively as the "Company") are primarily engaged in the manufacturing and marketing of herbal and homeopathic products, vitamin and mineral supplements and personal care products. The Company sells its products to a sales force of independent Distributors who use the products themselves or resell them to other Distributors or consumers. The formulation, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, advertising, distribution and sale of each of the Company's major product groups are subject to regulation by one or more governmental agencies.

The Company markets its products in the United States, Brazil, Japan, Mexico, South Korea, Venezuela, Canada, Colombia, Russia and the former Soviet Republics, the United Kingdom, Argentina, Peru, El Salvador, Ecuador, Honduras, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Panama, Chile and Nicaragua. The Company also exports its products to numerous other countries, including Australia, Malaysia, New Zealand and Norway.

PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc. and its subsidiaries. Inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

During 1998 and 1997, the Company's Japanese subsidiary was majority-owned. During 1999, the Company forgave receivables due from the minority-interest shareholders totaling \$1,131 in exchange for their minority interest. At December 31, 1999, all of the Company's subsidiaries were wholly-owned.

PERVASIVENESS OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid short-term investments to be cash equivalents, which generally include only investments with original maturities of three months or less.

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INVESTMENTS

A substantial portion of the Company's investments are categorized as available-for-sale securities and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, recorded as a net amount in accumulated other comprehensive income in shareholders' equity. The cost of the securities sold is based on the specific identification method. Realized gains and losses on sales of available-for-sale securities are reported in interest and other income.

During 1998, the Company began purchasing investments classified as trading securities. The Company maintains its trading securities portfolio to generate returns that offset changes in certain liabilities related to the Company's deferred compensation arrangements (see Note 9). The trading securities portfolio consists of marketable securities which are recorded at fair value. Both realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading securities are included in interest and other income.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist primarily of cash, cash equivalents, trade and notes receivable, long-term investments, trade payables and debt instruments. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair values. The estimated fair values have been determined using appropriate market information and valuation methodologies.

INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (using the first-in, first-out method) or market value. At December 31, 1999, management believes the Company had incurred no material impairments in the carrying value of its inventories, other than impairments for which a provision has been made.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Estimated useful lives for buildings and improvements range from 20 to 30 years, and equipment, furniture and fixtures range from 3 to 10 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the life of the applicable lease or the estimated useful life of the applicable asset. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred, and major improvements are capitalized. Gains or losses on sales or retirements are included in the consolidated statement of income in the year of disposition.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets include trademarks, customer lists and goodwill associated with the acquisition of the minority interest of the Company's subsidiary in Japan. Goodwill is being amortized using the straight-line method over a period of five years. Other intangibles are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives with a range from three to five years. Amortization expense associated with intangible assets was \$499, \$108 and \$56 in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$2,651 and \$430, at December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively. Accumulated amortization totaled \$619 and \$120 at December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

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IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

The Company reviews its long-lived assets, including intangibles, for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the book value of an asset may not be recoverable. The Company evaluates, at each balance sheet date, whether events and circumstances have occurred which indicate possible impairment. The Company uses an estimate of future undiscounted net cash flows of the related asset or group of assets over the remaining life in measuring whether the assets are recoverable. As of December 31, 1999, the Company does not consider any of its long-lived assets to be impaired.

TRANSLATION OF FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The local currency of the international subsidiaries is used as the functional currency in translation, except for subsidiaries operating in highly inflationary economies. The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries, where the local currency is the functional currency, are translated into U.S. dollars using exchange rates in effect at the year end for assets and liabilities and average exchange rates during each year for the results of operations. Adjustments resulting from translation of financial statements are reflected in accumulated other comprehensive income.

Countries considered to have highly inflationary economies were Venezuela and Ecuador during 1999; Mexico, Venezuela and Ecuador during 1998; and Brazil, Mexico, Venezuela and Ecuador during 1997. The functional currency in these highly inflationary economies is the U.S. dollar and transactions denominated in a local currency are re-measured as if the functional currency were the U.S. dollar. The re-measurement of local currencies into U.S. dollars creates translation adjustments which are included in the consolidated statements of income. Effective January 1, 1998, Brazil was no longer considered highly inflationary. Effective January 1, 1999, Mexico was no longer considered highly inflationary.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

For domestic sales, the Company generally receives its product sales price in the form of cash or credit card accompanying the orders from independent Distributors. From time to time, the Company's domestic operation extends short-term credit associated with product promotions. For certain of the Company's international operations, the Company offers credit terms consistent with industry standards within each respective country. Sales revenue and related volume incentives are recorded when the merchandise is shipped. Amounts received for unshipped merchandise are recorded as customer deposits and are included in accrued liabilities. Payments of volume incentives related to product orders are made in the month following the sale.

SELLING EXPENSES

Independent Distributors may earn Company-paid attendance at conventions as well as other travel awards by achieving the required levels of product purchases within a specified qualification period. Convention costs and other travel expenses are accrued expenses over the qualification period as they are earned. Accordingly, the Company has accrued expenses in these areas of approximately \$4,237, \$3,089 and \$3,456 at December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

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ADVERTISING COSTS

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred and totaled \$1,441, \$117 and \$0 in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

All research and development costs are expensed as incurred. Total research and development costs were approximately \$1,657, \$1,528 and \$1,500 in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes a liability or asset for the deferred income tax consequences of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets or liabilities and their reported amounts in the financial statements. These temporary differences will result in taxable or deductible amounts in future years when the reported amounts of the assets or liabilities are recovered or settled. The deferred income tax assets are reviewed for recoverability and valuation allowances are provided as necessary. Foreign and other tax credits are accounted for using the liability method, which reduces income tax expense in the year in which these credits are generated.

NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE

Basic net income per common share (Basic EPS) excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted net income per common share (Diluted EPS) reflects the potential dilution that could occur if stock options or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock. The computation of Diluted EPS does not assume exercise or conversion of securities that would have an anti-dilutive effect on net income per common share.

Following is a reconciliation of the numerator and denominator of Basic EPS to the numerator and denominator of Diluted EPS for all years:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Net Income (Numerator)	Shares (Denominator)	Per Share Amount
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
DECEMBER 31, 1999			
Basic EPS	\$17 , 796	17,585	\$1.01
Effect of options		160	
Diluted EPS	\$17 , 796	17,745	\$1.00
DECEMBER 31, 1998			
Basic EPS	\$23 , 278	18,383	\$1.27
Effect of options		256	
Diluted EPS	\$23 , 278	18,639	\$1.25
DECEMBER 31, 1997			
Basic EPS	\$20,133	18,653	\$1.08
Effect of options		417	

Diluted EPS \$20,133 19,070 \$1.06

720,133 19,070 71.00

</TABLE>

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At December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, there were outstanding options to purchase 557, 87 and 233 shares of common stock, respectively, that were not included in the computation of Diluted EPS because the options' exercise prices were greater than the average market price of the common shares during the year.

RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain reclassifications have been made in the prior years' consolidated financial statements to conform with the current year presentation.

RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board has issued SFAS No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The pronouncement establishes accounting and reporting standards requiring that derivative instruments be recorded in the balance sheet as either an asset or liability measured at its fair value and that changes in the derivative's fair value be recognized currently in earnings unless specific hedge accounting criteria are met. SFAS No. 133 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. The adoption of this pronouncement will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements as the Company does not currently hold any derivative or hedging instruments.

NOTE 2: INVENTORIES

The composition of inventories is as follows:

<TABLE>

As of December 31	1999	1998	
	<c></c>	 <c></c>	
Raw materials	\$ 8,113	\$ 6,104	
Work in process	1,608	1,377	
Finished goods	16,939	15,013	
	\$26 , 660	\$22 , 494	

NOTE 3: PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The composition of property, plant and equipment is as follows:

<TABLE>

CAF110N/		
As of December 31	1999	1998
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Buildings and improvements	\$17 , 936	\$17,128
Machinery and equipment	12,633	12,218
Furniture and fixtures	16,138	14,171
	46,707	43,517
Accumulated depreciation and amort	ization (22,844)	(19,020)
Land	1,330	1,399
	\$25 , 193	\$25 , 896

</TABLE>

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NOTE 4: INVESTMENTS

The amortized cost and estimated market values of available-for-sale securities by balance sheet classification are as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

		Gross	Gross	
	Amortized	Unrealized	Unrealized	Market
As of December 31, 1999	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value

<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Cash equivalents: Municipal obligations 4,629	\$ 4,629	\$	\$	\$
Total cash equivalents	4,629			
Long-term investments: Municipal obligations 10,084	10,278	98	(292)	
Equity securities 1,231	494	744	(7)	
Total long-term investments	10,772	842	(299)	11,315
Total available-for-sale securities	\$15,401	\$842	\$ (299)	\$15,944

Chi I I Chi	Amortized	Gross Unrealized	Gross Unrealized	Market				
As of December 31, 1998	Cost	Gains	Losses	Value				
```  ```								
Cash equivalents: Municipal obligations 4,750	\$ 4,750	\$	\$	\$				
Total cash equivalents	4,750							
Long-term investments:  Municipal obligations	10,564	81	(34)					
10,611 Equity securities 1,064	747	335	(18)					
Total long-term investments	11,311	416	(52)	11,675				
	\$16,061	\$416	\$ (52)	\$16,425				
Contractual maturities of long-tender 31, 1999, are as follows:	erm debt securities	at market value at						
<\$>								
Mature after one year through fiv		\$ 9,265 819						
Total long-term investments		\$10,084						
During 1999, 1998 and 1997, the proceeds from the sales of available-for-sale securities were \$1,689, \$11,763 and \$5,153, respectively. The gross realized gains on sales of available-for-sale securities were \$165, \$65 and \$65, for each of the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. The gross realized losses on the sales of available-for-sale securities were \$29 and \$26 for the years ended December 31, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

The Company's trading securities portfolio totaled \$1,053\$ and \$259\$ at December 31, 1999 and 1998, which included net gains of \$176\$ and \$9\$, respectively.

#### NOTE 5: SHORT-TERM DEBT

The Company has operating lines of credit in Japan, which are payable in local currency to facilitate payment of operating expenses. The debt is unsecured and matures during 2000. The outstanding amounts relating to the lines of credit at December 31, 1999 and 1998, were \$1,018 and \$1,728, respectively, with a weighted average interest rate of 2 percent at December 31, 1999. The weighted average amounts outstanding relating to these lines of credit in Japan were \$1,414 and \$2,224 for 1999 and 1998, respectively.

## NOTE 6: ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The composition of accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax, is as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments	Net Unrealized Gains (Losses) On Available-For-Sale Securities	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Balance as of December 31, 1997	\$ (5,290)	\$416	\$ (4,874)
Current period change	(1,722)	(52)	(1,774)
Balance as of December 31, 1998	(7,012)	364	(6,648)
Current period change	(2,736)	(27)	(2,763)
	* * *	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(2,703)
Balance as of December 31, 1999	\$(9,748)	\$337	\$(9,411)
∠ /mʌ D t r: \			

</TABLE>

#### NOTE 7: INCOME TAXES

The domestic and foreign components of income before provision for income taxes are as follows:

<TABLE>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Domestic	\$26,751	\$30,569	\$27,919
oreign	2,240	7,804	5,284
otal	\$28,991	\$38 <b>,</b> 373	\$33 <b>,</b> 203

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following:

<table></table>			
Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Current:     Federal     State     Foreign	\$ 8,778 1,638 2,031	\$ 9,574 1,858 3,342	\$ 9,177 1,683 2,768
	12,447	14,774	13,628
Deferred: Federal State	(889) (163)	209 42	(374) (67)

Foreign	(200)	70	(117)	
	(1,252)	321	(558)	_
Total provision for income taxes	\$11,195	\$15,095	\$13,070	_

  |  |  |  |26

The tax benefit associated with the nonqualified stock option plan decreased the income tax payable by \$0, \$809 and \$3,240 in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. These benefits were recorded as an increase to common stock.

The provision for income taxes as a percentage of income before provision for income taxes differs from the statutory Federal income tax rate due to the following:

# <TABLE>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Statutory Federal income tax rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State income taxes, net of Federal			
income tax benefit	3.4	3.1	3.1
Foreign and other tax credits	(4.3)	(5.6)	(3.4)
Net effect of foreign subsidiaries'			
tax attributes	6.3	7.1	6.2
Other	(1.8)	(0.3)	(1.5)
Effective tax rate	38.6%	39.3%	39.4%

The significant components of the deferred income tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

# <TABLE>

</TABLE>

</TABLE>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998
·		
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Deferred tax assets:		
Inventory	\$ 254	\$ 300
Accrued liabilities	1,049	703
State income taxes	615	644
Foreign tax credits	126	126
Deferred compensation	406	100
Other	659	565
otal deferred tax assets	\$ 3,109	\$ 2,438
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Accelerated depreciation	\$(1,386)	\$(2,016)
Unrealized gain on investments of subsidiaries		(19)
·		
Unrealized gain on investments	(274)	
Total deferred tax liabilities	\$(1,660)	\$ (2,035)

Although realization of the net deferred tax assets is not assured, management believes it is more likely than not that all of the net deferred tax assets will be realized. The amount of net deferred tax assets considered realizable could be reduced based on changing conditions.

As of December 31, 1999, the Company has available net operating losses from its foreign subsidiaries for foreign income tax purposes and financial

reporting purposes of approximately \$13,800 and \$15,800, respectively. The tax net operating losses will expire in 2000 through 2005. Certain of these net operating losses may be limited by the extent of foreign taxable income in future years. Due to the uncertainty regarding the utilization of these net operating loss carry-forwards, management has provided valuation allowances equal to the amount of the deferred income tax assets related to the net operating loss carry-forwards of the foreign subsidiaries.

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The Company considers all international earnings, which have not been previously taxed for domestic purposes to be permanently invested in the international subsidiaries. As of December 31, 1999, such earnings were approximately \$13,500. If Federal taxes and foreign dividend withholding taxes had been provided on those earnings, net of the effect of utilization of foreign tax credits, such taxes would have approximated \$450 as of December 31, 1999.

#### NOTE 8: CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS

#### TREASURY STOCK

During 1999, 1998 and 1997, the Company repurchased 897, 721 and 1,413 shares of common stock for a total of \$9,249, \$14,306 and \$26,128, respectively. In October 1999, the Board of Directors approved the repurchase of up to 1,000 shares of the Company's common stock. As of December 31, 1999, approximately 120 shares had been repurchased under this approval.

#### STOCK OPTIONS

The Company maintains a 1995 Stock Option Plan, which provides for the granting or awarding of certain nonqualified stock options to officers, directors and employees. The term, not to exceed 10 years, and the vesting and exercise period of each stock option awarded under the plan are determined by the Company's Board of Directors. Such grants have been made at the fair market value of the stock at the date of grant. At December 31, 1999, the Company had no remaining shares available to be granted. At December 31, 1999, the Company had reserved approximately 2,318 treasury shares to accommodate the exercise of the outstanding options.

Stock option activity for 1999, 1998 and 1997 consisted of the following:

# <TABLE>

CAFILON	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price Per Share
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Options outstanding at December 31, 1996	2,595	\$12.81
Issued	139	19.83
Forfeited or canceled	(617)	15.61
Exercised	(884)	11.33
Options outstanding at December 31, 1997	1,233	13.26
Issued	83	18.32
Forfeited or canceled	(27)	15.83
Exercised	(160)	9.15
Options outstanding at December 31, 1998	1,129	14.15
Issued	2,945	8.42
Forfeited or canceled	(667)	18.15
Exercised		
Options outstanding at December 31, 1999	3,407	8.65

</TABLE>

Shares issued related to the exercise of stock options during 1999, 1998 and 1997, were issued from treasury stock. Options for 452, 908 and 956 shares of common stock were exercisable on

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December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively, with weighted average exercise prices of \$8.14, \$12.91 and \$11.36, respectively.

The following table summarizes information about options outstanding and options exercisable at December 31, 1999.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Range of		Weighted-Avg.	Weighted-Avg.		Weighted-
Avg.					
Option Prices	Shares	Remaining	Exercise Price	Shares	Exercise
Price					
Per Share	Outstanding	Contractual Life	Per Share	Exercisable	Per Share
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
\$1.79	16	1.0 years	\$1.79	16	\$1.79
\$4.03 to \$9.56	2,743	5.8 years	7.73	384	7.22
\$10.81 to \$16.88	633	8.8 years	12.55	37	15.66
\$20.00 to \$22.25	15	5.3 years	20.38	15	20.38
\$1.79 to \$22.25	3,407	6.3 years	8.65	452	8.14

</TABLE>

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation plans under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, under which no compensation cost has been recognized in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997. Had compensation costs been determined consistent with SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation", the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been reduced to the following proforma amounts:

<T	Α	В	L	Ε	>
-0	~	_	_	_	

<pre><caption> Year ended December 31</caption></pre>		1999	1998	1997
<\$>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Net Income	As reported	\$17,796	\$23,278	\$20,133
	Proforma	15,612	22,613	20,026
Basic Earnings Per Share	As reported	\$ 1.01	\$ 1.27	\$ 1.08
	Proforma	.89	1.23	1.07
Diluted Earnings Per Share	As reported	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.25	\$ 1.06
	Proforma	.88	1.21	1.05

</TABLE>

The weighted average fair value of options granted was \$8.42, \$10.30 and \$8.69 for 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. The fair value of each option granted is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants: risk-free interest rate of 6.5 percent with expected lives of seven years in 1999, 1998 and 1997; expected dividend yield of approximately 1.5, 0.6 and 0.5 percent in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively; and expected volatility of 63, 49 and 32 percent in 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. The estimated fair value of options granted is subject to the assumptions made, and if the assumptions were to change, the estimated fair value amounts could be significantly different.

Because SFAS No. 123 method of accounting has not been applied to options granted prior to January 1, 1995, the resulting proforma compensation cost may not be representative of what is to be expected in future years.

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#### NOTE 9: EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

## DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

The Company sponsors a qualified deferred compensation plan, which qualifies under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Company contributes matching contributions of 100 percent of employee contributions up to a maximum of five percent of the employee's compensation. The Company's contributions to the plan vest after a period of four years. During 1999, 1998 and 1997, the Company contributed to the plan approximately \$640, \$545 and \$530, respectively.

During 1998, the Company established a funded nonqualified deferred compensation plan for its officers, directors and certain key employees. Under this plan, participants may defer up to 100 percent of their annual salary and bonus. The amounts deferred remain the sole property of the Company, which uses them to purchase certain investments as directed by the participants. The program is not qualified under Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code. At December 31, 1999, the amounts payable under the plan are valued at the fair market value of the assets owned by the Company. Upon separation of service to the Company, the participants' deferred amounts, together with any gains or losses thereon, will be paid over a period of either three or five years.

#### MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEE BONUS PLAN

The Company has a bonus plan that provides for participants to receive payments based upon the achievement of specified annual increases in revenue and operating income as set by the Board of Directors. The expense related to the bonus plan was approximately \$160, \$1,239 and \$687 for 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively. All domestic employees as well as key international employees participate in the bonus plan.

#### NOTE 10: RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 1999 and 1998, as part of the Company's marketing efforts, the Company spent approximately \$410 and \$100, respectively, for the services of an outside advertising agency. The president and chief executive officer of the advertising agency is a relative of an executive officer and director of the Company.

3.0

#### NOTE 11: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases certain facilities and equipment used in its operations. The approximate aggregate commitments under non-cancelable operating leases in effect at December 31, 1999, were as follows:

# <TABLE>

<captio< th=""><th>N&gt; </th><th></th></captio<>	N> 	
Year	Ending December 31	
<s></s>		<c></c>
	2000	\$2,650
	2001	1,512
	2002	638
	2003	252
	2004	150
	Thereafter	472
		\$5 <b>,</b> 674

</TABLE>

The Company incurred expenses of approximately \$3,123, \$2,865 and \$2,962 in connection with operating leases during 1999, 1998 and 1997, respectively.

The Company is a defendant in various lawsuits which are incidental to the Company's business. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, believes that any liability as a result of these matters will not have a material adverse effect upon the Company's results of operations or financial position.

# NOTE 12: OPERATING SEGMENT AND INTERNATIONAL OPERATION INFORMATION

The Company has four operating segments. These operating segments are components of the Company for which separate information is available that is evaluated regularly by management in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The Company evaluates performance based on operating income (loss).

The Company's operating segments are based on geographic operations and include a domestic segment (United States) and three international segments (Latin America, Asia Pacific and other regions). The segments have similar business characteristics and each offers similar products through similar methods of distribution as described in Note 1. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 1. Inter-segment sales, eliminated in consolidation, are not material.

Operating segment information for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997 is as follows:

# <TABLE> <CAPTION>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Sales Revenue:			
Domestic	\$183,383	\$190,309	\$177,647
International:			
Latin America	69 <b>,</b> 805	80 <b>,</b> 798	87 <b>,</b> 389
Asia Pacific	19,406	10,581	11,413
Other	16 <b>,</b> 595	14,364	4,453
	289,189	296,052	280,902
Operating Expenses:			
Domestic	158,539	160,946	152,474
International:			
Latin America	67 <b>,</b> 332	72,508	81,106
Asia Pacific	20,941	13,172	12,557
Other	15,267	13,359	3,760
	262 <b>,</b> 079	259 <b>,</b> 985	249 <b>,</b> 897
 Operating Income (Loss):			
Domestic	24,844	29,363	25 <b>,</b> 173
International:			
Latin America	2,473	8,290	6,283
Asia Pacific	(1,535)	(2,591)	(1,144)
Other	1,328	1,005	693
	27 <b>,</b> 110	36 <b>,</b> 067	31,005
Unallocated Amounts			
Other Income	1,881	2,306	2,198
Income Before Provision for Income			
Taxes	\$28 <b>,</b> 991	\$38 <b>,</b> 373	\$33 <b>,</b> 203

As of December 31	1999		1998			
<\$>						
Assets:						
Domestic	\$ 66,372	\$	62,971			
International:	,		•			
Latin America	29,343		32,154			
Asia Pacific	8,670		6,236			
Other	3,050		2,338			
Total Assets	\$107,435		\$103**,**699			
32

# <TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Capital Expenditures:			
Domestic	\$2 <b>,</b> 699	\$5 <b>,</b> 880	\$6,328
International:			
Latin America	830	477	596
Asia Pacific	770	76	438
Other	160	40	91
	\$4,459	\$6 <b>,</b> 473	\$7,453
Depreciation and Amortization:			
Domestic	\$4,084	\$3,439	\$2,862
International:	• •	. ,	•
Latin America	1,453	1,169	1,191
Asia Pacific	416	138	132
Other	107	66	107

\$6,060 \$4,812 \$4,292

</TABLE>

Revenues by classes of principal product lines for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997 are as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997
<pre><s> Sales Revenue by Product Lines:</s></pre>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
Herbal Products	\$188,816	\$198,355	\$188,204
Vitamins and Mineral Supplements	75 <b>,</b> 190	68,092	64,607
Personal Care Products	7,488	8,882	8,427
Homeopathic	2,483	2,961	2 <b>,</b> 809
Other	15,212	17,762	16,855
	\$289,189	\$296 <b>,</b> 052	\$280 <b>,</b> 902

</TABLE>

Individual countries which comprise 10 percent or more of consolidated sales revenue for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997 are as follows:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

Year Ended December 31	1999	1998	1997	
<s></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
Sales Revenue:				
United States	\$183 <b>,</b> 383	\$190,309	\$177 <b>,</b> 647	
International:				
Brazil	21,673	30 <b>,</b> 289	25 <b>,</b> 981	
Other	84,133	75,454	77,274	
	\$289,189	\$296 <b>,</b> 052	\$280,902	

</TABLE>

33

Individual countries which comprise 10 percent or more of consolidated long-lived assets, consisting of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are as follows:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

As of December 31,	1999	1998	1997	
<pre><s> Long-Lived Assets:</s></pre>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	
United States International:	\$20,422	\$19,349	\$16,514	
Mexico Other	3,094 4,196	3,085 4,012	3,209 4,211	
	\$27,712	\$26,446	\$23 <b>,</b> 934	

</TABLE>

NOTE 13: SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY OPERATIONS -- UNAUDITED

<TABLE>

CAFIION				Selling,			Income		Basic
Diluted				General		Other	Before		Net
Net Income	Sales	Cost of	Volume	and Admin.	Operating	Income	Income	Net	Income
1999 Per Share	Revenue	Goods Sold	Incentives	Expenses	Income	(Expense)	Taxes	Income	Per Share
<s> <c></c></s>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
First Qtr	\$72 <b>,</b> 178	\$12 <b>,</b> 857	\$33,123	\$18,539	\$7 <b>,</b> 659	\$597	\$8 <b>,</b> 256	\$ 4,990	\$0.28

\$0.28									
Second Qtr 0.27	71,639	12,284	32,764	19,210	7,381	545	7 <b>,</b> 926	4,796	0.27
Third Qtr 0.24	73,240	13,151	33,275	20,622	6 <b>,</b> 192	304	6,496	4,128	0.24
	72,132	12 <b>,</b> 846	33,106	20,302	5 <b>,</b> 878	435	6 <b>,</b> 313	3 <b>,</b> 882	0.23
\$1.00	\$289,189	\$51 <b>,</b> 138	\$132 <b>,</b> 268				•	\$17 <b>,</b> 796	\$1.01
1998									
First Qtr \$0.26	\$ 75 <b>,</b> 283	\$13 <b>,</b> 542	\$ 35,199	\$18,684	\$ 7 <b>,</b> 858	\$ 329	\$ 8,187	\$ 4,867	\$0.26
Second Qtr 0.32	77,201	13,646	35,474	18,858	9,223	700	9,923	6 <b>,</b> 105	0.33
Third Qtr	73,456	13,155	33,628	17,774	8,899	749	9,648	6,059	0.33
Fourth Qtr 0.34	70,112	11,848	32,189	15 <b>,</b> 988	10,087	528	10,615	6 <b>,</b> 247	0.34
\$1.25	\$296 <b>,</b> 052	\$52 <b>,</b> 191	\$136,490	\$71 <b>,</b> 304	\$36,067	\$2 <b>,</b> 306	\$38 <b>,</b> 373	\$23 <b>,</b> 278	\$1.27

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ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

#### PART III

## ITEM 10. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF THE REGISTRANT

Information called for by Item 10 is omitted because the Company intends to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, a definitive Proxy Statement pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Commission.

## ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information called for by Item 11 is omitted because the Company intends to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, a definitive Proxy Statement pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Commission.

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#### ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

Information called for by Item 12 is omitted because the Company intends to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, a definitive Proxy Statement pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Commission.

# ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

Information called for by Item 13 is omitted because the Company intends to file with the Securities and Exchange Commission, not later than 120 days after the close of the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999, a definitive Proxy Statement pursuant to Regulation 14A of the Commission.

#### PART IV

# ITEM 14. EXHIBITS, FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

# (a) (1) LIST OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following are filed as part of this Report:

Report of Independent Public Accountants

Consolidated statements of income for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997.

</TABLE>

Consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 1999 and 1998.

Consolidated statements of shareholders' equity for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997.

Consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 1999, 1998 and 1997.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (a) (2) LIST OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Report of Independent Public Accountants on Consolidated Financial Statement Schedule.

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts.

Financial statement schedules other than those listed are omitted for the reason that they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the financial statements or notes thereto, or contained in this Report.

# (a) (3) LIST OF EXHIBITS

3.1 (1) - Restated Articles of Incorporation

3.5

- 3.2 (2) By-laws, as amended
- 10.2 (3) Form of Employment Agreement between the Registrant and its executive officers together with a schedule identifying the agreements omitted and setting forth the material differences between the filed agreement and the omitted agreements
- 10.3 (4) 1995 Stock Option Plan
- 10.4 (4) Form of Stock Option Agreement (1995 Stock Option Plan)
- 10.5 (5) 1998 Employee Incentive Compensation Plan
- 10.6 (6) Supplemental Elective Deferral Plan
- 10.7 (6) Executive Loan Program
- 21 List of Subsidiaries of Registrant
- 23 Consent of Independent Public Accountants
- 27 Financial Data Schedule

[1] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 and is incorporated herein by reference.

- [2] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1985 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [3] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [4] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [5] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [6] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 and is incorporated herein by reference.
  - (b) REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

The Registrant did not file any reports on Form 8-K during the last quarter of the year ended December 31, 1999.

(c) EXHIBITS

Exhibits required to be filed in respect to this paragraph of Item 14 are listed above in subparagraph (a)(3).

#### (d) FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

See subparagraph (a) (2) above.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: March 22, 2000 By: /s/ DANIEL P. HOWELLS

Daniel P. Howells, President, C.E.O. and Director

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<TABLE>

SIGNATURE	TITLE	DATE
<s> /s/ Daniel P. Howells</s>	<pre><c> President, Chief Executive Officer and Director</c></pre>	<c> March 22, 2000</c>
Daniel P. Howells		
/s/ Craig D. Huff	Vice President of Finance, Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer	March 22, 2000
Craig D. Huff	Chief Financial Officer, Chief Accounting Officer	
/s/ Douglas Faggioli	Chief Operating Officer and Director	March 22, 2000
Douglas Faggioli		
/s/ Kristine F. Hughes	Chairman of the Board and Director	March 22, 2000
Kristine F. Hughes		
/s/ Eugene L. Hughes	Vice President and Director	March 22, 2000
Eugene L. Hughes		
/s/ Pauline T. Hughes	Director	March 22, 2000
Pauline T. Hughes		
/s/ Richard Hinckley	Director	March 22, 2000
Richard Hinckley 		

  |  |37

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE

To Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc.:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Nature's Sunshine Products, Inc. and subsidiaries appearing in Item 8 in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and have issued our report thereon dated February 8, 2000. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on those statements taken as a whole. The schedule listed in Item 14(a)(2) is the responsibility of the Company's management and is presented for purposes of complying with the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and is not part of the basic consolidated financial statements. This schedule has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly states in all material respects the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

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# NATURE'S SUNSHINE PRODUCTS, INC. SCHEDULE II-- VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS FOR THE THREE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 1999 (Dollar Amounts in Thousands)

<table></table>
<caption></caption>

<caption></caption>		Balance at			
Balance at		Beginning		Amounts	Amounts
End of Descri Year	ption	of Year	Provisions	Written Off	Recovered
<s> <c> Year ended Dece</c></s>	mber 31, 1999	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>	<c></c>
	e for doubtful unts receivable	\$819	\$625	\$ (157)	\$4
	e for obsolete ntory	627	506	(711)	
	e for notes ivable	14			
Year ended Dece	mber 31, 1998				
	e for doubtful unts receivable	\$661	\$229	\$ (46)	\$ (25)
	e for obsolete ntory	534	468	(375)	
	e for notes ivable	14			
Year ended Dece	mber 31, 1997				
	e for doubtful unts receivable	\$417	\$394	\$(138)	\$(12)
	e for obsolete ntory	304	470	(240)	
	e for notes ivable	14			

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# LIST OF EXHIBITS

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

ITE	EM NO.	EXHIBIT	SEQUENTIALLY NUMBERED PAGE
<s></s>		<c></c>	<c></c>
	3.1 (1) -	Restated Articles of Incorporation	
	3.2 (2) -	By-laws, as amended	
	10.2 (3) -	Form of Employment Agreement between the Registrant and its executive officers together with a schedule	

identifying the agreements omitted and setting forth the

LOCATED AT

		material differences between the filed agreement and the omitted agreements.	
10.3	(4)	1995 Stock Option Plan	
10.4	(4)	Form of Stock Option Agreement (1995 Stock Option Plan)	
10.5	(5) -	1998 Employee Incentive Compensation Plan	
10.6	(6)	Supplemental Elective Deferral Plan	
10.7	(6)	Executive Loan Program	
21	-	List of Subsidiaries of Registrant	42
23	-	Consent of Independent Public Accountants	43
27	-	Financial Data Schedule	44

#### </TABLE>

- [1] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [2] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1985 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [3] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [4] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1995 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [5] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997 and is incorporated herein by reference.
- [6] Previously filed with the Commission as an exhibit to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1998 and is incorporated herein by reference.

# EXHIBIT 21

# SUBSIDIARIES

Set forth below is a list of all active subsidiaries of the Registrant, the state or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization of each, and the names under which such subsidiaries do business.

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

<caption></caption>	Name	Jurisdiction of Incorporation
<s></s>		<c></c>
	Products of Canada, Ltd.	Canada
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Mexico, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Colombia, S.A.	Colombia
Nature's Sunshine	Produtos Naturais Ltda.	Brazil
Nature's Sunshine	K.K.	Japan
Nature's Sunshine	Korea, Ltd.	South Korea
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Venezuela	Venezuela
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Centroamerica	Costa Rica
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Panama, S.A.	Panama
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Guatemala, S.A.	Guatemala
Nature's Sunshine	Products de El Salvador, S.A. de C.V.	El Salvador
Nature's Sunshine	Products del Peru, S.A.	Peru
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Argentina	Argentina
Comercializadora	Nature's Sunshine Chile Ltda.	Chile
Nature's Sunshine	Products del Ecuador, S.A.	Ecuador
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Honduras, S.A.	Honduras
Nature's Sunshine	Products de Nicaragua, S.A.	Nicaragua
Nature's Sunshine 		

 Products of Russia, Inc. | Russia |Each subsidiary listed above is doing business under its corporate name.

# EXHIBIT 23

# CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

As independent public accountants, we hereby consent to the incorporation of our reports included in this Form 10-K, into the Company's previously filed Form S-8 Registration Statements File Nos. 33-38621, 33-80582, 33-59497 and 333-08139.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Salt Lake City, Utah March 22, 2000

# <ARTICLE> 5

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